

Resembling Scheme

IKB Nederland Varkens

As a resembling scheme, IKB Nederland Varkens has its own G.A.P. requirements (Control Points and Compliance Criteria) and certification rules (General Regulations), which largely conform with the GLOBALG.A.P. System, but leave some exceptions.

Requirements of GLOBALG.A.P. IFA V5.2 not covered by IKB Nederland Varkens version 13.0

Description difference		GLOBALG.A.P. General Regulations	IKB Nederl	and Varkens scheme management rules
	Reference	Text General Regulations	Reference	Text scheme management rules
GLOBALG.A.P. General Regulations require all producers to be registered in GLOBALG.A.P. Database. In IKB it is not a requirement, therefore there are not any requirements concerning GLOBALG.A.P. Number (GGN).	GR I 4.2.1 d) (ii) and (iv)	All data in the GLOBALG.A.P. Database is available to GLOBALG.A.P. and the certification body, which the producer or producer group is working with, and can be used for internal processes and sanctioning procedures. If an applicant (company, individual producer or member of a group) does not agree to the minimum release, the applicant is not in agreement with the Sub-License and Certification Agreement and cannot be certified, nor belong to a producer group seeking certification.		Not covered
	GR III, 4.1 a)	All production sites to be certified shall be registered in the GLOBALG.A.P. Database (when available).		
	GR I 4.2.1 i)	In the case of first registration the CB shall confirm the application and provide the applicant with the GGN within 28 calendar days of receiving the complete application.		
	GR III 3.3	Chapter on CB Certification Data Communication with GLOBALG.A.P.		
	GR III 4.2	The CB and producer shall agree to Service of		



	a) GR III 4.2.1	Notice terms, which shall include a commitment by the CB to confirm the receipt of formal application for (first) registration within 28 calendar days after the CB has received the unique GLOBALG.A.P. Number (GGN) from the GLOBALG.A.P. Database. Chapter on Registration Data Requirements	
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that for production sites that are not owned by the legal entity there shall be a written contract and a signed document, which includes a clear indication that the site owner does not have any responsibility or input or decision capacity regarding the production operations over the rented-out site. IKB does not require such documents.	GR I 4.2.1 j)(ii)	For production sites that are not owned by the legal entity, there shall be a signed document, which includes a clear indication that the site owner does not have any responsibility or input or decision capacity regarding the production operations over the rented-out site. There shall also be written contracts in force between each production site owner and the legal entity that include the following elements: • Certificate holder/producer member name and legal identification. • Name and/or legal identification of the site owner. • Site owner contact address. • Details of the individual production sites. • Signature of both parties' representatives.	Not covered
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that the CB shall make the certification decision within a maximum of 28 calendar days after closure of any outstanding non-conformances. In case no non-conformances are detected during the inspection/ audit, it means that the CB shall make the decision no later than 28 days after the end of the inspection/audit. IKB does not have such a requirement.	GR I 6.3 a)	The CB shall make the certification decision within a maximum of 28 calendar days after closure of any outstanding non-conformances. In case no non-conformances are detected during the inspection/audit, it means that the CB shall make the decision no later than 28 days after the end of the inspection/audit.	Not covered
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that a warning is issued for all types of non-conformance detected and if	GR I 6.4.1 a) and 6.5 b)	A warning is issued for all types of non- conformance detected (i.e. non-conformance with CPCC, GR or contractual requirements).	Not covered



.1 Subsequent inspection: Non-conformances shall be closed within 28 calendar days.	Sanctioning rules Reinspection Participant has to provide written evidence, at the latest within three months after the last inspection
	en at the latest two weeks before the certificate is terminated, the deviation is solved.
.2 Certificate holders who are sanctioned cannot change CB until the outgoing CB closes the corresponding non-conformance.	Not covered
d) ONLY the CB or the producer group that has issued the sanction is entitled to lift it, provided there is sufficient and timely evidence of corrective action (either through a follow-up visit or other written or visual evidence).	
 producers and producer groups issued by them. During the period of suspension, the producer is prohibited from using the GLOBALG.A.P. logo/trademark, license/certificate or any other type of document that is in any way linked to GLOBALG.A.P. in relation to the suspended product. If a producer notifies the CB that the non- conformance is resolved before the defined period, the respective sanction can be lifted after evaluation of evidence provided by the producer. This evaluation may take place on- or off-site. If 	
.4	 change CB until the outgoing CB closes the corresponding non-conformance. A d) ONLY the CB or the producer group that has issued the sanction is entitled to lift it, provided there is sufficient and timely evidence of corrective action (either through a follow-up visit or other written or visual evidence). CBs can lift product suspensions imposed on g)-j) producers and producer groups issued by them. During the period of suspension, the producer is prohibited from using the GLOBALG.A.P. logo/trademark, license/certificate or any other type of document that is in any way linked to GLOBALG.A.P. in relation to the suspended product. If a producer notifies the CB that the non-conformance is resolved before the defined period, the respective sanction can be lifted after evaluation of evidence provided by the producer.



		evaluating only the submitted evidence. If the cause of the suspension is not resolved within the defined period, a cancellation is imposed. The suspension remains as long as the CB or producer group does not lift it or impose a cancellation.	
	GR I 6.4.3 a)(ii)	A producer/producer group cannot show evidence of implementation of effective corrective action before the suspension period set by the CB/producer group has elapsed.	
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that a self-declared suspension does not delay the renewal date and that deadline for closing non- conformances shall be set by the producer and agreed upon with the CB. IKB does not have such a requirement.	GR I 6.4.2.1 (ii) (iii)	Self-declared Product Suspension This suspension will not delay the renewal date, nor will it allow the producer to avoid paying registration and other applicable fees. The deadline for closing non-conformance is set by the declaring producer/producer group, which shall be agreed upon with the respective CB(s).	Not covered
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that before provisional approval can be granted the following has been done: registration of all inspectors/auditors in GLOBALG.A.P. Database including completion of the online exams, nomination of a GLOBALG.A.P. Scheme Manager and an in-house trainer, application for accreditation. Furthermore GLOBALG.A.P. has got requirements on training, qualification and tasks of the GLOBALG.A.P. Scheme Manager and the in-house trainer.	GR III 2.1.1 a) and a)(iii)	The CB shall complete the steps listed below before carrying out any GLOBALG.A.P. inspections/audits, issuing any GLOBALG.A.P. (Option 1, Option 2, or Benchmarked) Certificates (accredited or non-accredited) and before provisional approval can be granted. After provisional approval, but before conducting any GLOBALG.A.P. inspection or audit, the applicant CB shall complete the following steps: 2. Register all auditors and inspectors in the GLOBALG.A.P. Database. 3. Have all the auditors and inspectors complete the necessary GLOBALG.A.P. online exams for the General Regulations and for the Control Points and Compliance Criteria in the relevant sub- scope(s).	Not covered
IKB does not have similar requirements.	GR III 2.1.1 c), d)	The CB shall nominate a "GLOBALG.A.P. Scheme Manager" (according to point 3.2.a). The CB shall nominate an in-house trainer	



		(according to point 3.2.c) and complete or at least register for the in-house trainer training of the relevant scope(s).	
	GR III 3.2	Chapter on Training and Qualification of Staff	
GLOBALG.A.P. describes the requirements that shall be fulfilled before final approval can be granted to CBs and CBs can issue any accredited certificates. IKB does not have such requirements.	GR III 2.1.2	Chapter on Final Approval of Certification Bodies	Not covered
GLOBALG.A.P. has got several requirements on accreditation bodies, IKB does not have such requirements. Note: IKB operates only in the Netherlands and the Dutch accreditation body RvA has signed a Memorandum of Understanding with GLOBALG.A.P.	GR III 2.3	Chapter on Accreditation Body Requirements	Not covered
GLOBALG.A.P. describes the steps to be taken in case of a termination of a CB approval. IKB does not do so.	GR III 2.4	Chapter on Termination of Approval	Not covered
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that CBs include all points described in the General Regulations in the relevant operational document for GLOBALG.A.P. certification. IKB does not have a similar requirement with respect to its scheme.	GR III 3.1 a)	All the points described in the General Regulations shall be accepted and included in the relevant operational document of the CB for GLOBALG.A.P. Certification of all scopes, sub- scopes and Approved Modified Checklists, and be available for accreditation body evaluation. This requirement for Approved Modified Checklists is fulfilled by the compliance with the relevant sub- scope requirements.	Not covered
GLOBALG.A.P. is entitled to participate in CB inspections. IKB does not have a similar requirement with respect to its scheme.	GR III 3.1 d)	GLOBALG.A.P. shall be entitled to participate, upon prior notice and at its own cost, in inspections or audits carried out by CBs.	Not covered
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that CB	GR III 3.1	Certification Bodies shall immediately inform	Not covered



shall immediately inform GLOBALG.A.P. of changes in personnel relevant for the management of the GLOBALG.A.P. Scheme and of all changes that may affect their function as an independent CB, in particular withdrawal of accreditation or corporate changes. IKB does not have a similar requirement with respect to its scheme.	f)	GLOBALG.A.P. of changes in personnel relevant for the management of the GLOBALG.A.P. Scheme (e.g. change of the Scheme Manager, In- House Trainer, etc.) and of all changes that may affect their function as an independent CB, in particular withdrawal of accreditation or corporate changes.	
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that inspectors/auditors do not inspect/audit for more than 4 consecutive years (except for producer group members). IKB does not do so.	GR III 3.4 b) GR III Annex 1/2 3.6 a) and c)	The CB shall have procedures in place to ensure that the same inspector does not inspect a producer (Option 1) for 4 consecutive years (regardless of whether it is an announced or unannounced inspection/audit). Under Option 2, the auditor in the audit team shall rotate (no more than 4 consecutive years to audit the same group QMS). However, the inspectors in the audit team may remain the same. The CB shall have procedures in place to ensure that the same inspector does not inspect a producer (Option 1) for 4 consecutive years (regardless of whether it is an announced or an unannounced inspection). When the CB has only one inspector in a given country/region, exceptions may be given case-by- case. The exemption period shall last for 12 months.	Not covered
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that the CB shall inform the producer/producer group about GLOBALG.A.P. Data Access Rules and explain any changes to the GLOBALG.A.P. Data Access Rules document. IKB does not require this.	GR III 4.2.2 a) and c)	The CB shall inform the producer or the producer group about and explain the Data Access Rules document available on the website. Data access rights shall be defined and signed by the producer/producer group during registration with the CB. The data owner is responsible for granting and determining the level of rights for data access. The data owner, however, can transfer the responsibility to other users (e.g. certification body).	Not covered



GLOBALG.A.P. requires that a written report which summarizes the evaluation activity undertaken, provides objective evidence and information on how the producer complies with the standard requirements and lists any non- conformances and/or non- conformances identified. The producer shall sign or confirm the inspection outcome. IKB requires only that the producer agrees with the inspection report.	GR III 6.1 d) and e)	On completion of the full evaluation process, a full written report will be produced which summarizes the evaluation activity undertaken (date of the inspection, sites and facilities inspected and duration of inspection/audit), provides objective evidence and information on how the producer or the producer group complies with the requirements of the standard, and where applicable, lists any non-compliances and/or non- conformances identified. The producer/producer group representative shall sign or confirm the inspection and audit outcome (including at least the scope of the inspection/audit, the result in % of compliance for the different levels of control points, list of findings and duration) has to be signed by the producer/producer group representative during the closing meeting. A documented or electronic confirmation by the producer is equal to the 'signature' of the producer.	Not covered
GLOBALG.A.P. requires a minimum duration of 2 hours for unannounced inspections. IKB does not have such a requirement.	GR III 6.2.1 a)	The duration of unannounced inspections (Option 1) shall not be shorter than 2 hours.	Not covered
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that corrective actions are assessed and that evidence if resolution of non-conformances is provided by the producer and filed by the CB and made available to GLOBALG.A.P. on request. IKB does not have similar requirements.	GR III 6.3 a) and b)	All corrections and corrective actions shall be assessed; with clarification provided to show whether the action(s) taken and evidence provided are sufficient to close the non-conformance. Evidence of the resolution of non-conformances can be provided in the form of documentary evidence and/or photographic evidence as appropriate. Evidences shall be filed and shall be made available to GLOBALG.A.P. on request.	Not covered
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that inspectors/auditors have got at least a livestock related post high school diploma and a minimum of 3 years experience in agricultural industry (pigs) or as an alternative	GR III Annex 1/2 2. a) and b)	GLOBALG.A.P. CB Inspector/Auditor Qualifications - At least a post high school (post secondary education) diploma or equivalent (minimum course duration of 2 years) in a discipline related to the scope of certification (Crops and/or Livestock and/or Aquaculture) AND	Not covered



a food related post high school diploma with at least 4 years industry experience in livestock. IKB does not have such a requirement.		A minimum of 2 years experience gained after finishing post high school studies and overall 3 years experience in the agricultural industry OR A post high school (post secondary education) diploma with a minimum duration of 2 years in a food related discipline AND A minimum of 4 years industry experience either in a practical capacity on farm/site or in a technical production management role in the relevant scope of certification (Crops and/or Livestock and/or Aquaculture).	
	GR III Annex 1 3.2 h) and Annex 2 3.2 j)	The experience required shall involve work in the respective scope and may have been gained simultaneously for more than one scope and/or sub-scope/group according to the table below: If an inspector has 3 or more years working experience in: -> It is possible to inspect the following sub-scopes/groups: Pigs -> Pigs	
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that inspectors/auditors got training in HACCP principles and food hygiene training. IKB does not do so.	GR III Annex 1/2, 3.2 a), b)	Training in HACCP principles either as part of formal qualifications or through the successful completion of a formal course based on the principles of Codex Alimentarius (the formal course may be an internal training by the CB). The minimum training duration shall be 8 hours. Duration and content shall be indicated on the evidence available for this requirement (course certificate, evidence of training included in formal qualifications, etc.). The course duration for inspectors only approved for Flower and Ornamentals and/or Plant Propagation material may be shorter. Food hygiene training either as part of formal qualifications or through the successful completion of a formal course (the formal course may be an internal training by the CB). The formal course duration shall be a minimum of 8 hours. Duration and content shall be indicated on the evidence	Not covered



		available for this requirement (course certificate,	
		evidence of training included in formal	
		qualifications, etc.). The Food Hygiene training	
		course shall cover: site management, water,	
		fertilizer, equipment, facilities and personal	
		hygiene, and it shall also include practical case	
		studies. Already approved inspectors have a one-	
		year transition period after the publication of	
		GLOBALG.A.P. IFA Version 5 to complete this	
		training.	
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that	GR III	GLOBALG.A.P. Online Training, with the	Not covered
inspectors/auditors complete all	Annex 1	successful completion of all online tests and the	
online tests. IKB does not have a	3.2 c) and	respective updates within 3 months after release	
similar requirement.	Annex 2	in the inspector's language.	
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that	3.2. d) GR III	GLOBALG.A.P. CB Inspector Qualifications - For	Not covered
inspectors/auditors got basic	Annex 1	Livestock and Aquaculture Scopes: Basic	
veterinary medicine and	3.2 f) and	veterinary medicine and stockmanship training	
stockmanship training including	Annex 2	including animal health and welfare issues.	
animal health and welfare issues.	3.2 g)		
The inspector/auditor shall present	0.2 9)		
proof of qualification. IKB does not	GR III	The formal courses (mentioned in points a), b), e),	
do so.	Annex 1	f), and g) above) can be part of the formal	
	3.2 h) and	qualifications (degree/diploma) or can be separate	
	Annex 2	courses that were taken by the inspector/auditor.	
	3.2 j)	The inspector/auditor shall present proof of	
		qualification. If it was part of the degree/ diploma,	
		it shall be in the syllabus of the course. If it was	
		acquired separately, there shall be a separate	
		certificate, which shows that a course that covered	
		these issues was completed (including an exam).	Net encoded
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that	GR III	GLOBALG.A.P. CB Inspector/Auditor	Not covered
inspectors/auditors have working	Annex 1/2	Qualifications - "Working language" skills in the corresponding native/working language. This shall	
language skills in the corresponding native/working	3.3 a)	include the locally used specialist terminology in	
language. IKB does not do so.		the respective working language.	
Note: IKB is a Dutch standard for		and respective working language.	
certification only in the			
Netherlands.			
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that	GR III	Successful completion of a Lead Assessor training	Not covered



auditors (including certification	Annex 2	course based on ISO 19011 principles that shall		
staff) have completed a lead	3.1 b) and	have a minimum duration of 37 hours, and shall		
assessor training based on ISO	c)	be externally recognized by the industry. The		
19011 principles of at least 37	,	certificate shall specify the course content and		
hours. IKB does not do so.		duration. Successful completion shall be indicated		
		on the certificate.		
		The Lead Assessor training course shall cover		
		5		
		applicable standards on quality auditing, auditing		
		techniques, focus of the audits (psychological		
		aspects and communication) and reporting, and it		
		shall also include a practical case study.		
GLOBALG.A.P. defines an	Livestock	Sufficient inspection time shall allow for an initial	Not covered	
inspections duration of 3-8 hours,	Rules 4.2	meeting with the farm management, a complete		
the minimum of three hours	a) – c)	evaluation of all standard requirements,		
applies to the simplest	, ,	completion of the applicable checklist and the		
circumstances. IKB does not		presentation of the results to the producer.		
define any (minimum) inspection		The usual production site inspection duration		
duration.		against GLOBALG.A.P. IFA Livestock is between		
		three and eight hours (Option 1 producer).		
		The minimum of three hours duration shall apply		
		to the simplest circumstances (i.e. one location,		
		one sub-scope, simple machinery, few workers,		
		subsequent inspection, documentation is well		
		organized, etc.).		

Description difference	GLOBAL	G.A.P. Control Points and Compliance Criteria		IKB Nederland Varkens G.A.P. rules
	Reference - Level	Text CPCC	Reference - Level	Text G.A.P. rules
GLOBALG.A.P. requires to have a risk assessment available for all sites that shows that the site in question is suitable for production with regards to food safety, the environment, and health and welfare of animals. Furthermore, a management plan has to be established to minimize the risk identified in the	AF 1.2.1 – Major Must	Is there a risk assessment available for all sites registered for certification (this includes rented land, structures and equipment) and does this risk assessment show that the site in question is suitable for production, with regards to food safety, the environment, and health and welfare of animals in the scope of the livestock and aquaculture certification where applicable? A written risk assessment to determine whether the sites are appropriate for production shall be available		Not covered



risk assessment. IKB does neither require such a risk assessment nor a management plan.		for all sites. It shall be ready for the initial inspection and maintained updated and reviewed when new sites enter in production and when risks for existing ones have changed, or at least annually, whichever is shorter. The risk assessment may be based on a generic one but shall be customized to the farm situation. Risk assessments shall take into account: - Potential physical, chemical (including allergens) and biological hazards - Site history (for sites that are new to agricultural production, history of five years is advised and a minimum of one year shall be known) - Impact of proposed enterprises on adjacent stock/crops/ environment, and the health and safety of animals in the scope of the livestock and aquaculture certification. (See AF Annex 1 and AF Annex 2 for guidance on risk assessments. FV Annex 1 includes guidance regarding flooding)	
	AF 1.2.2 – Major Must	Has a management plan that establishes strategies to minimize the risks identified in the risk assessment (AF 1.2.1) been developed and implemented? A management plan addresses the risks identified in AF 1.2.1 and describes the hazard control procedures that justify that the site in question is suitable for production. This plan shall be appropriate to the farm operations, and there shall be evidence of its implementation and effectiveness. NOTE: Environmental risks do not need to be part of this plan and are covered under AF 7.1.1.	
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that the producer takes responsibility to conduct a minimum of one internal self-assessment per year against the GLOBALG.A.P. Standard. IKB does not require a self-assessment against their standard.	AF 2.2 – Major Must	Does the producer take responsibility to conduct a minimum of one internal self-assessment per year against the GLOBALG.A.P. Standard? There is documented evidence that in Option 1 an internal self-assessment has been completed under the responsibility of the producer (this may be carried out by a person different from the producer). Self-assessments shall include all applicable control	Not covered



		points, even when a subcontracted company carries them out.		
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that, as a result of non-conformances detected during the internal self- assessment, corrective actions are documented and have been implemented. IKB does not require this. GLOBALG.A.P. requires that the farm has got a written risk assessment for hygiene. IKB has	AF 2.3 – Major Must AF 3.1 - Minor Must	Have effective corrective actions been taken as a result of non-conformances detected during the internal self-assessment or internal producer group inspections? Necessary corrective actions are documented and have been implemented. N/A only in the case no non-conformances are detected during internal self-assessments or internal producer group inspections. Does the farm have a written risk assessment for hygiene? The written risk assessment for hygiene issues	9,13 9,14	Not covered The desinfectant is registered to disinfect stables and transport. The company has a purification protocol which includes in
got several requirements concerning hygiene, but does not require a risk assessment for hygiene.		covers the production environment. The risks depend on the products produced and/or supplied. The risk assessment can be a generic one, but it shall be appropriate for conditions on the farm and shall be reviewed annually and updated when changes (e.g. other activities) occur. No N/A.		 what way and with which products the farrowing stable, piglet stable and normal stables are cleaned and disinfected. document: Health, Safety and Hygiene Health and safety for both the pigs and all employees (including the owner and subcontractors) is central to this company. The owner brings the risks with this statement health and safety to the attention of all employees. The instructions and measures listed below are intended to be safe and healthy. Employees are notified by signing up and working according to the applicable instructions. If unsafe situations occur, the employee must report this directly to the owner. The owner assessed the situation and, if necessary, takes immediate measures. The Emergency Numbers list is visibly suspended and updated at least annually. Training on health, safety and hygiene of both the pigs and the employees recorded on the training overview. If work is carried out independently, the employee always needs help in case of emergency can be turned on, a mobile phone or, for example, beeper is recommended. The work environment must be cleaned to prevent dangerous situations. Especially slipping and stumbling can be the result of uncleaned work environment. Wearing the right footwear



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	contributes to safety.
	Heavy physical stress should be prevented as much as
	possible. Employees can submit a request
	for information on the prevention of physical complaints.
	□ The climate in the stable should make it possible to work
	in a healthy and safe way. Particularly dirt, dust
	and noise may involve risks. If necessary, personal
	protective equipment (such as for example: ear protectors,
	gloves mouth caps or air filters)
	At workplaces adequate lighting must be present for
	safe operation.
	□ Hazardous substances (eg cleaning and disinfectants)
	should be used in accordance with the
	written instructions from the suppliers. Also manure is
	considered dangerous substance, it works in manure
	storage sites may only be carried out by trained personnel.
	Electrical equipment must be in good condition and
	grounded. Activities at the Electrical installation is carried
	out by trained staff.
	Fire extinguisher is visible and is checked annually.
	Materials used in veterinary activities (eg spraying)
	should be cleaned
	and well maintained. It is therefore also the materials that
	the vet uses.
	□ To avoid risks (for example, pathogens), good hygiene
	when working with
	pigs are necessary. Employees receive instructions to
	observe proper hygiene measures
	take. There should also be facilities for washing hands and
	dressing.
	Wounds on the skin should be covered with patches.
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	□ It is recommended to set up a separate space for food,
	drink or smoking.
	Employees with sickness complaints (eg vomiting or
	fever) report this to the owner. Recommended
	does not make these employees in direct contact with the
	pigs.
	□ In spite of the above instructions and measures, there
	are still situations that affect health and safety
	are suit situations that affect fiealth and safety



				endanger the safety of the employees, they should be reported to the owner. The owner explains these situations in writing and, if necessary, takes immediate action. Date: Employee Name: Name Owner:
GLOBALG.A.P. requires a documented hygiene procedure and visibly displayed hygiene instructions. IKB has got several requirements concerning hygiene, but does not require visibly displayed hygiene instructions	AF 3.2 – Minor Must	Does the farm have a documented hygiene procedure and visibly displayed hygiene instructions for all workers and visitors to the site whose activities might pose a risk to food safety? The farm shall have a hygiene procedure addressing the risks identified in the risk assessment in AF 3.1. The farm shall also have hygiene instructions visibly displayed for workers (including subcontractors) and visitors; provided by way of clear signs (pictures) and/or in the predominant language(s) of the workforce. The instructions must also be based on the results of the hygiene risk assessment in AF 3.1 and include at a minimum - The need to cover skin cuts - Limitation on smoking, eating and drinking to designated areas - Notification of any relevant infections or conditions. This includes any signs of illness (e.g. vomiting; jaundice, diarrhea), whereby these workers shall be restricted from direct contact with the product and food-contact surfaces - Notification of product contamination with bodily fluids - The use of suitable protective clothing, where the individuals' activities might pose a risk of contamination to the product.	9,14	The company has a purification protocol which includes in what way and with which products the farrowing stable, piglet stable and normal stables are cleaned and disinfected. document: Health, Safety and Hygiene Health and safety for both the pigs and all employees (including the owner and subcontractors) is central to this company. The owner brings the risks with this statement health and safety to the attention of all employees. The instructions and measures listed below are intended to be safe and healthy. Employees are notified by signing up and working according to the applicable instructions. If unsafe situations occur, the employee must report this directly to the owner. The owner assessed the situation and, if necessary, takes immediate measures. The Emergency Numbers list is visibly suspended and updated at least annually. If work is carried out independently, the employee always needs help in case of emergency can be turned on, a mobile phone or, for example, beeper is recommended. If work environment must be cleaned to prevent dangerous situations. Especially slipping and stumbling can be the result of uncleaned work environment. Wearing the right footwear contributes to safety. If Heavy physical stress should be prevented as much as possible. Employees can submit a request for information on the prevention of physical complaints. If he climate in the stable should make it possible to work in a healthy and safe way. Particularly dirt, dust



220104_requirements_not_covered_IKBNLVarkens_V5_2_en	and noise may involve risks. If necessary, personal protective equipment (such as for example: ear protectors, gloves mouth caps or air filters) At workplaces adequate lighting must be present for safe operation. Hazardous substances (eg cleaning and disinfectants) should be used in accordance with the written instructions from the suppliers. Also manure is considered dangerous substance, it works in manure storage sites may only be carried out by trained personnel. Electrical equipment must be in good condition and grounded. Activities at the Electrical installation is carried out by trained staff. Materials used in veterinary activities (eg spraying) should be used in veterinary activities (eg spraying) should be cleaned and well maintained. It is therefore also the materials that the vet uses. To avoid risks (for example, pathogens), good hygiene when working with pigs are necessary. Employees receive instructions to observe proper hygiene measures take. There should also be facilities for washing hands and dressing. Wounds on the skin should be covered with patches. Page 2 of 2 It is recommended to set up a separate space for food, drink or smoking. Dreptoyees with sickness complaints (eg vomiting or fever) report this to the owner. Recommended does not make these employees in direct contact with the pigs. D no spite of the above instructions and measures, three are stil situations that affect health and safety endanger the safety of the employees, they should be reported to the owner. The owner
requirements	endanger the safety of the employees, they should be reported to the owner. The owner
20104.	Date: Employee Name: Name Owner:



GLOBALG.A.P. requires that the producer has a written risk assessment for hazards to workers' health and safety. The risk assessment shall be reviewed and updated annually and when changes that could impact workers health and safety. IKB does not require this.	AF 4.1.1 – Minor Must	Does the producer have a written risk assessment for hazards to workers' health and safety? The written risk assessment can be a generic one but it shall be appropriate to conditions on the farm, including the entire production process in the scope of certification. The risk assessment shall be reviewed and updated annually and when changes that could impact workers health and safety (e.g. new machinery, new buildings, new plant protection products, modified cultivation practices, etc.) occur. Examples of hazards include but are not limited to: moving machine parts, power take-off (PTO), electricity, farm machinery and vehicle traffic, fires in farm buildings, applications of organic fertilizer, excessive noise, dust, vibrations, extreme temperatures, ladders, fuel storage, slurry tanks, etc. No N/A.	Not covered
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that regular two-way communication take place between management and workers on issues related to workers' health, safety and welfare including records of these meetings. IKB does not require this.	AF 4.5.2 – Minor Must	Does regular two-way communication take place between management and workers on issues related to workers' health, safety and welfare? Is there evidence of actions taken from such communication? Records show that communication between management and workers about health, safety and welfare concerns can take place openly (i.e. without fear of intimidation or retribution) and at least once a year. The auditor is not required to make judgments about the content, accuracy or outcome of such communications. There is evidence that the concerns of the workers about health, safety and welfare are being addressed.	Not covered
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that holding areas for diesel and other fuel oil tanks environmentally safe and conform to local requirements. Furthermore, there shall be no- smoking signs displayed and appropriate fire emergency provisions made nearby. IKB does not require this.	AF 6.2.3 – Minor Must	Are holding areas for diesel and other fuel oil tanks environmentally safe? All fuel storage tanks shall conform to the local requirements. When there are no local requirements to contain spillage, the minimum is bunded areas, which shall be impervious and be able to contain at least 110% of the largest tank stored within it, unless it is in an environmentally sensitive area where the capacity shall then be 165% of the content of the largest tank. There shall be no-smoking signs	Not covered



		displayed and appropriate fire emergency provisions		
		made nearby.		
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that all	AF 11.1 –	Does all transaction documentation include		Not covered
transaction documentation	Major Must	reference to the GLOBALG.A.P. status and the		
includes a reference to the		GGN?		
GLBALG.A.P. status and the		Sales invoices and, where appropriate, other		
GGN. IKB does not require		documentation related to sales of certified		
anything similar.		material/products shall include the GGN of the		
		certificate holder AND a reference to the		
		GLOBALG.A.P. certified status. This is not obligatory		
		in internal documentation.		
		Where producers own a GLN, this shall replace the		
		GGN issued by GLOBALG.A.P. during the		
		registration process. Positive identification of the certified status is enough		
		on transaction documentation (e.g.: "GLOBALG.A.P.		
		certified <product name="">"). Non-certified products</product>		
		do not need to be identified as 'non-certified'.		
		Indication of the certified status is obligatory		
		regardless of whether the certified product was sold		
		as certified or not. This cannot be checked during the		
		initial (first ever) inspection, because the producer is		
		not certified yet and the producer cannot reference to		
		the GLOBALG.A.P. certified status before the first		
		positive certification decision.		
		N/A only when there is a written agreement available		
		between the producer and the client not to identify		
		the GLOBALG.A.P. status of the product and/or the		
		GGN on the transaction documents.		
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that	LB 1.1.1 –	Are farms and other facilities suitable for the	5,1	a. When entering the company it is necessary for the
facilities are maintained and in	Minor Must	intended purpose, maintained in good repair and		visitor to report.
good repair. IKB does not do so,		used so as to achieve the objectives of this		b. The yard must be clean and tidy.
but requires only that the yard		standard?		c. The hygiene is taken into account.
must be clean and tidy.		There shall be a visual assessment to make sure		d. There must be a clear physical separation between the
		that the facilities are suitable for the intended	40.0	business area where internal animal / feed / materials and
		purpose, maintained and in good repair. This	19,3	people movements take place, and the non-business part
		includes assessment of the premises (e.g. soil		where external animals / feed / materials and people
		structure, drainage and climate for outdoor livestock,		supply / visit the company.
		water and feed equipment suitable for stock and		
		type. No N/A.		



GLOBALG.A.P. requires that	LB 1.3.2. –	Are all bulk loaders used for loading crops or stock	Not covered
bulk loaders used for loading	Major Must	feed cleaned prior to use, with particular care given	
crops or stock feed are cleaned		to the cleanliness of dual purpose loaders, to prevent	
prior to use, with particular care		contamination?	
given to the cleanliness of dual		Visual assessments that bulk loaders are kept in a	
purpose loaders, IKB does not		clean, dry and fit state to avoid cross contamination	
require this.		and harm to the goods being carried inside.	
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that all	LB 2.1 –	Are all members of the workforce aware of the	document: Health, Safety and Hygiene
members of the workforce are	Minor Must	contingency procedures relevant to their enterprise	Health and safety for both the pigs and all employees
aware of the contingency		in the event of emergencies that pose a threat to	(including the owner and
procedures relevant to their		human health, food safety or livestock health and	subcontractors) is central to this company. The owner
enterprise in the event of		welfare?	brings the risks with this statement
emergencies that pose a threat		Members of the workforce shall demonstrate	health and safety to the attention of all employees.
to human health, food safety or		awareness on how to act in case of emergency with	The instructions and measures listed below are intended
livestock health and welfare,		regard to human health, food safety, livestock health	to be safe and healthy.
including procedures to cover		and welfare, including procedures to cover the event	Employees are notified by signing up and working
the event of failure of the feed or		of failure of the feed or water supply and evacuation	according to the applicable
water supply and evacuation		procedures.	instructions.
procedures. IKB does not			□ If unsafe situations occur, the employee must report this
explicitly require awareness.			directly to the owner. The
			owner assessed the situation and, if necessary, takes
			immediate measures.
			The Emergency Numbers list is visibly suspended and
			updated at least annually.
			Training on health, safety and hygiene of both the pigs
			and the employees
			recorded on the training overview.
			□ If work is carried out independently, the employee
			always needs help in case of emergency
			can be turned on, a mobile phone or, for example, beeper
			is recommended.
			The work environment must be cleaned to prevent
			dangerous situations. Especially slipping and
			stumbling can be the result of uncleaned work
			environment. Wearing the right footwear
			contributes to safety.
			Heavy physical stress should be prevented as much as
			possible. Employees can submit a request
			for information on the prevention of physical complaints.
			□ The climate in the stable should make it possible to work



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in a healthy and safe way. Particularly dirt, dust
and noise may involve risks. If necessary, personal
protective equipment (such as
for example: ear protectors, gloves mouth caps or air
filters)
At workplaces adequate lighting must be present for
safe operation.
Hazardous substances (eg cleaning and disinfectants)
should be used in accordance with the
written instructions from the suppliers. Also manure is
considered dangerous substance, it works in
manure storage sites may only be carried out by trained
personnel.
Electrical equipment must be in good condition and
grounded. Activities at the
Electrical installation is carried out by trained staff.
Fire extinguisher is visible and is checked annually.
Materials used in veterinary activities (eg spraying)
should be cleaned
and well maintained. It is therefore also the materials that
the vet uses.
To avoid risks (for example, pathogens), good hygiene
when working with
pigs are necessary. Employees receive instructions to
observe proper hygiene measures
take. There should also be facilities for washing hands and
dressing.
Wounds on the skin should be covered with patches.
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□ It is recommended to set up a separate space for food,
drink or smoking.
Employees with sickness complaints (eg vomiting or
fever) report this to the owner. Recommended
does not make these employees in direct contact with the
pigs. \Box is said at the share is tructions and measures there
□ In spite of the above instructions and measures, there
are still situations that affect health and safety
endanger the safety of the employees, they should be
reported to the owner. The owner
explains these situations in writing and, if necessary, takes



				immediate action. Date: Name Owner:	Employee Name:
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that protein elements of diets are only obtained from vegetables, milk, eggs or fish. IKB does not do so.	LB 4.1.6 – Major Must	Are protein elements of diets only obtained from vegetables, milk, eggs or fish (fishmeal cannot be fed to ruminants)? Feed records shall demonstrate that only permitted sources are used. Labeling to this effect or a statement from the manufacturer stating the protein origin shall be kept by the farmer as evidence. No N/A unless no feeding.		Not covered	
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that enterprises, which mix feed in their own machines, draw up a mixture protocol for the different mixtures showing the percentage of the components. IKB does not require this.	LB 4.1.7 – Major Must	Do enterprises, which mix feed in their own machines, draw up a mixture protocol for the different mixtures? Detailed records shall show the percentage of the components. No N/A unless no mixing in own machinery.		Not covered	
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that documentary records on purchased feed include the ingredients. IKB does not require this.	LB 4.2.2 – Minor Must	Do documentary records of feed suppliers from whom compound feed and other animal feed material have been purchased include the ingredients? Labels/invoices/statements specifying ingredients shall be available. No N/A unless no feeding OR if there are patent/intellectual property rights limitations.	19,7	material received: a) method of preserva b) shelf life c) storage advice	least be known for every feed ation (animal category and possible
GLOBALGA.P. requires that workers demonstrate awareness of humane principles when dealing with emergency slaughter, IKB does not do so.	LB 6.12 – Minor Must	When dealing with emergency slaughter or emergency culling of casualty stock, are humane principles observed? Workers shall demonstrate awareness of techniques to be used. Legislation shall be followed where it exists. No N/A.	22,1	only be carried out by according to a system accredited quality sys Nederland. Replacem agreement. The agreement stipul as the delivery and la and supplied by the v The veterinarian work good veterinary practi the framework of natio	alth care of IKB Nederland Pigs may a veterinarian who is accredited that is included in the register" tems veterinarians "of IKB nent veterinarians are listed in the ates that company support, as well beling of veterinary medicines used eterinarian, meet the requirements. according to the requirements of ice GVP IKB Nederland Pigs within onal and international regulations, as tation thereof in the IKBNV scheme.
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that	PG 7.4 –	Is the operation of the alarm checked at least once a	12,2		ation system fails, an alarm system



operation of the alarm is checked at least once a week. IKB requires a test only once a month.	Minor Must	week? Paper records of alarm checking may be present but are not a requirement. Functionality shall be confirmed by workers and checked accordingly at audit. Failure to function properly indicates non- conformance. N/A only if no alarms required.		must be activated that is tested monthly.
GLOBALG.A.P. requires that pigs in hospital pens are assessed at least twice a day, IKB does not do so.	PG 8.2.1 – Major Must	Are pigs in hospital pens assessed at least twice daily? Where pigs fail to respond, is veterinary advice sought immediately or are pigs humanely slaughtered or culled? There shall be no "no-hope" pigs in hospital pens.	14,17	There must always be a separate area as an infirmary on the farm with a partially closed floor of at least 40% of the loft surface, for seriously ill and injured animals that cannot be maintained in the flock.
		Workers shall be aware about where they should seek advice if pigs fail to respond to their treatment. Advice may be sought from more senior workers but shall be based on veterinary input, e.g. protocols agreed between manager and vet, and workers shall follow these protocols. No N/A.	20,3	Sick / weak / injured and defective animals must immediately be appropriately cared for and placed in the infirmary.

If you have any further questions on the differences between GLOBALG.A.P. IFA V5.2 and IKB Nederland Varkens version 13.0 please contact the scheme owner De Groene Belangenbehartiger BV (info@ikbnederland.nl) or GLOBALG.A.P. Benchmarking Administration (benchmarking@globalgap.org).

CB = Certification Body CPCC = Control Points and Compliance Criteria G.A.P. = Good Agricultural Practice IFA = Integrated Farm Assurance Recom. = Recommendation